

*The UBC Centre for Blood Research presents*

# The 15<sup>th</sup> Annual Earl W. Davie Symposium

## **THP-1 transduced with CD16: a tool to study Fc receptor functions and phagocytosis**

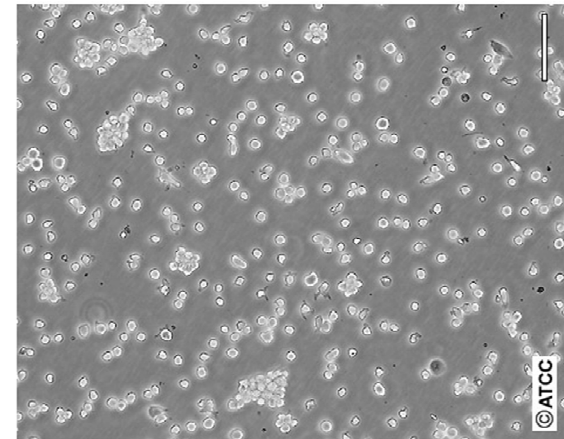
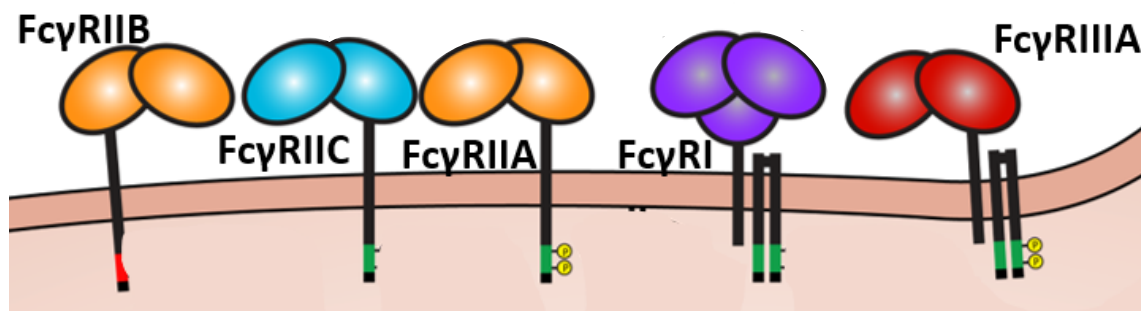
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AA Norris<sup>1-3</sup>, Kayluz Frias Boligan<sup>2</sup>, Donald R. Branch<sup>1-4</sup>, Alan H Lazarus<sup>1-4</sup>**

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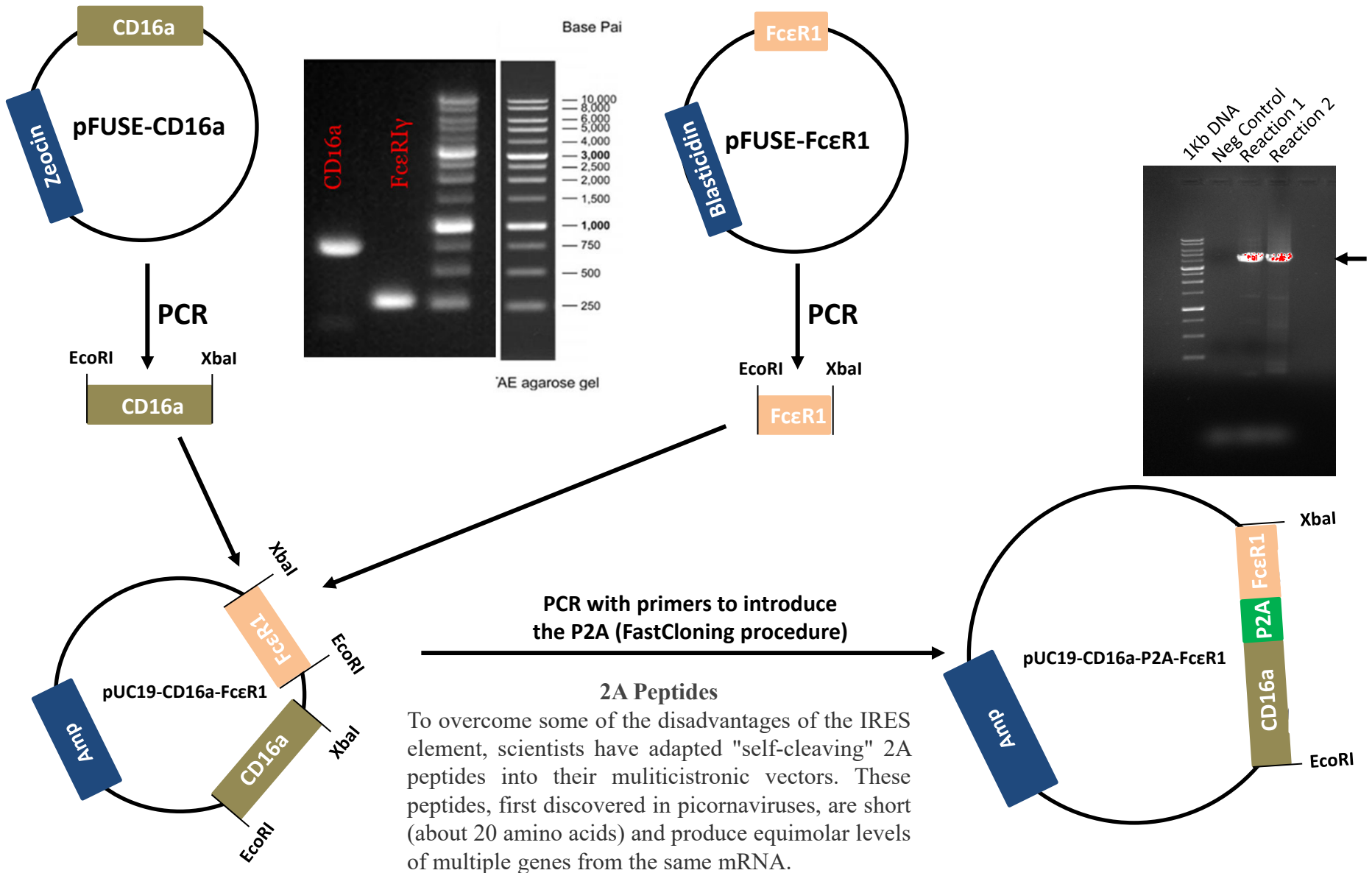
**November 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2021**

# Introduction

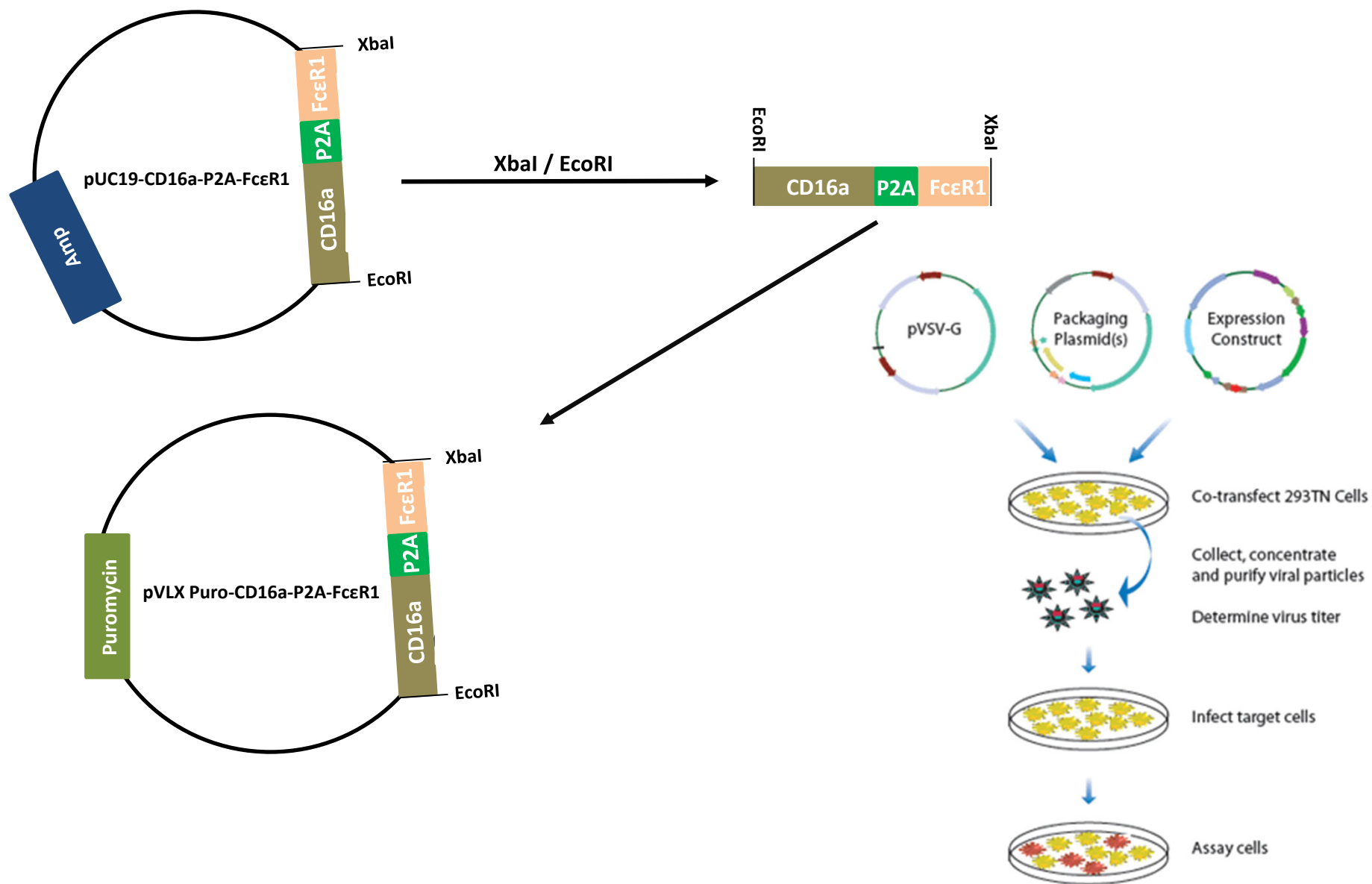
- Fc gamma receptors (FcγRs) are critical for mediating the effector functions of IgG and are associated with several antibody-mediated inflammatory disorders, such as ITP.
- Human FcγRIIIa may be an attractive therapeutic target due to its role in platelet clearance through macrophage phagocytosis.
- The absence of a human monocyte/macrophage cell line expressing this receptor has hampered the *in vitro* studies of the physiology of this FcγR and potential treatments.
- The human monocytic leukemia cell line (THP-1 cells) is an attractive target for the expression of this receptor.



# Lentiviruses as a tool to transduce THP-1 cells for the stable expression of the hFcγRIIIa

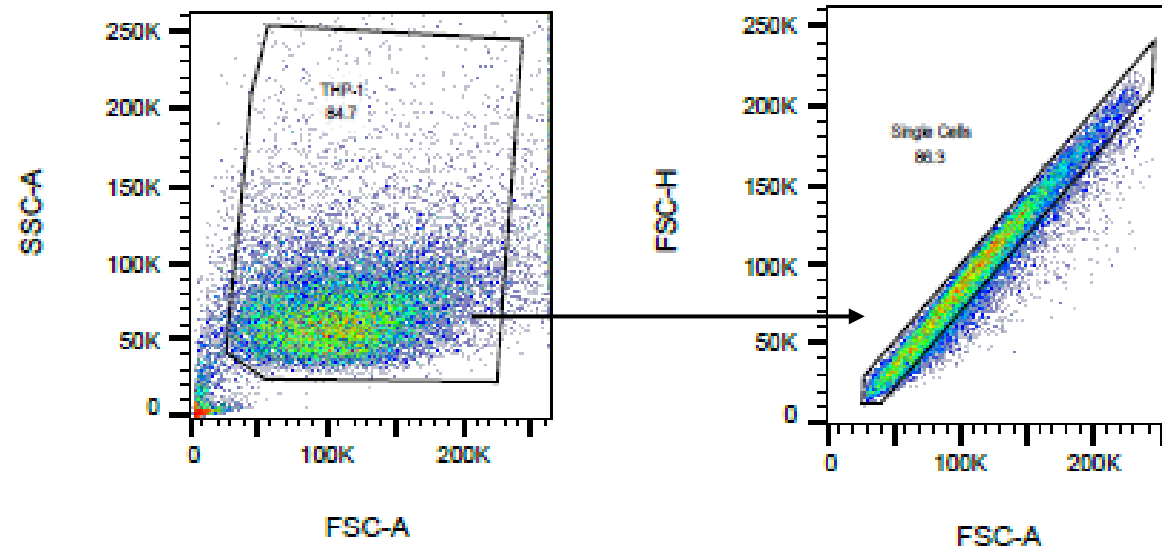
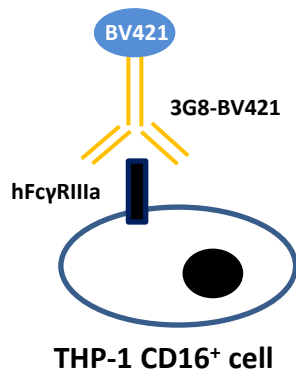


# Lentiviruses as a tool to transduce THP-1 cells for the stable expression of the hFcγRIIIa

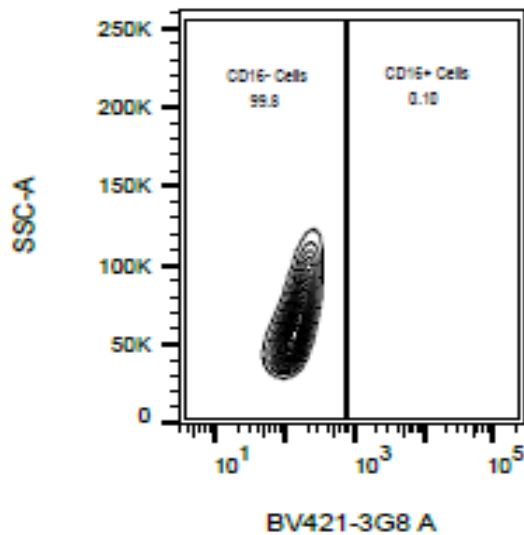


# Expression of hFcγRIIIA on THP-1 cells transduced with lentivirus

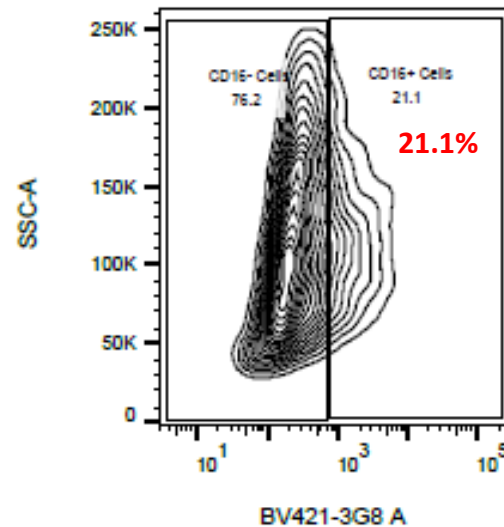
2 weeks after transduction



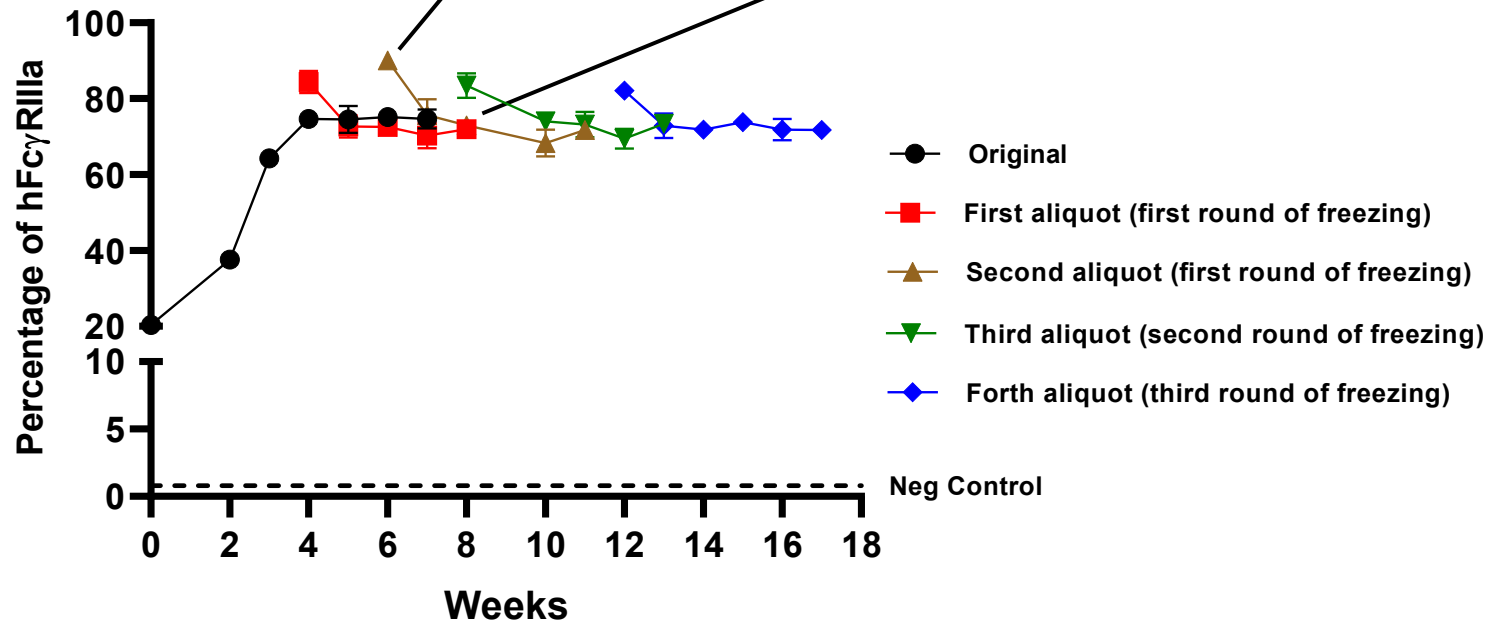
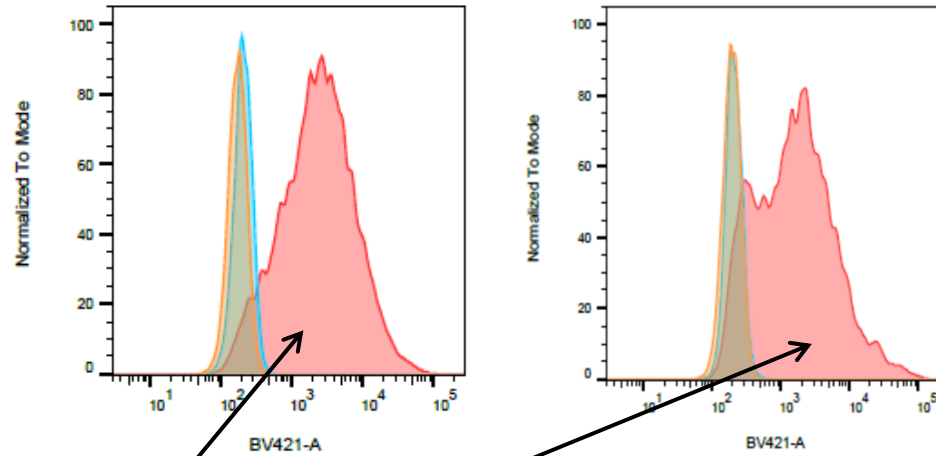
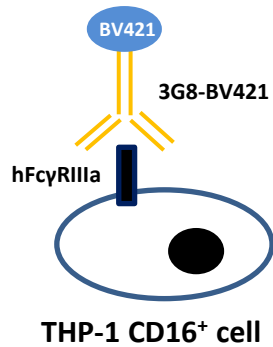
Control cells (non-transduced)



THP-1 cells transduced Puromycin-resistance-Lentivirus



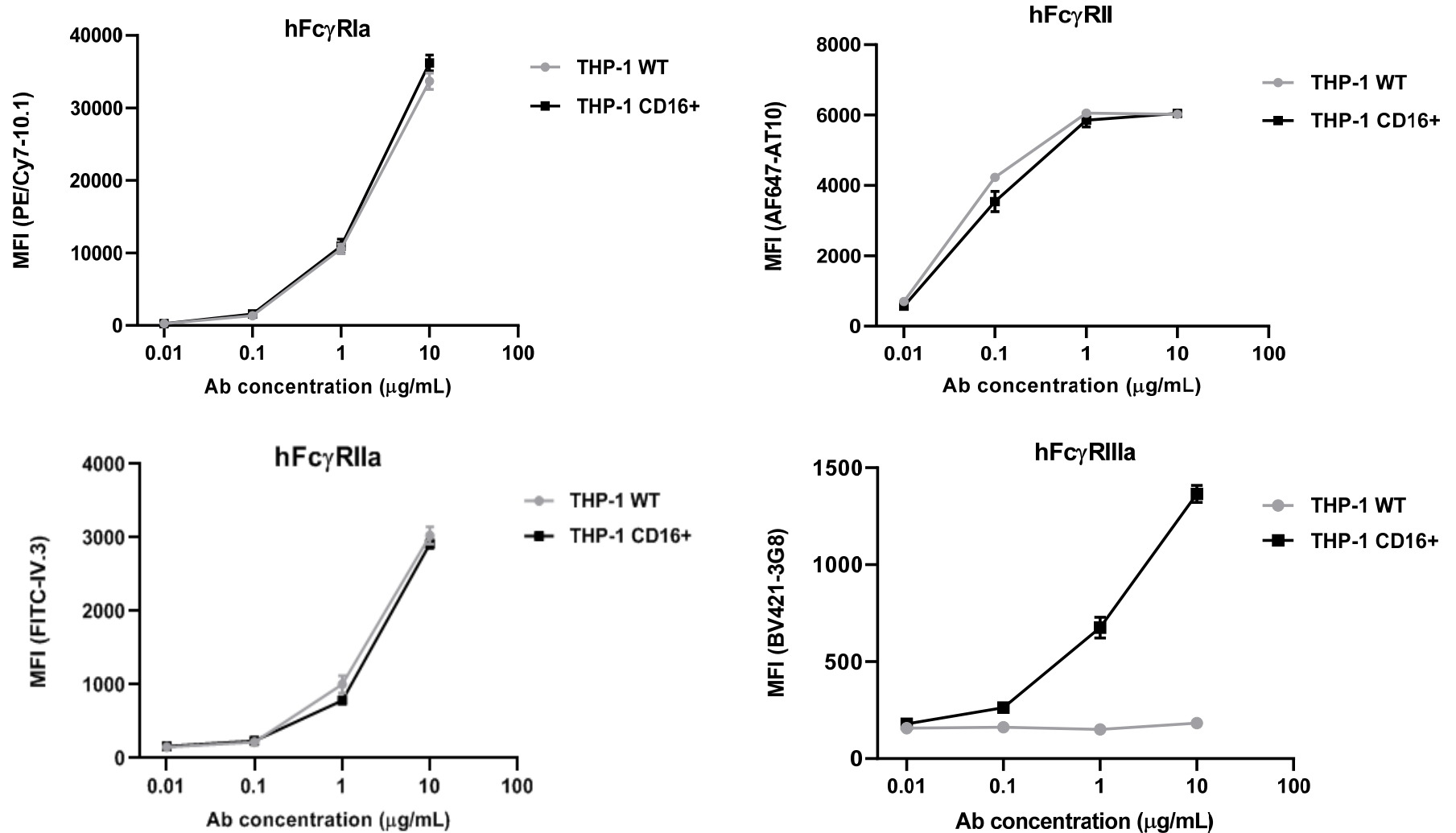
# Stability of hFcγRIIIA expression on THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells



Data represent mean with SD from two different measurements per week

**THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells show a stable expression of the hFcγRIIIa**

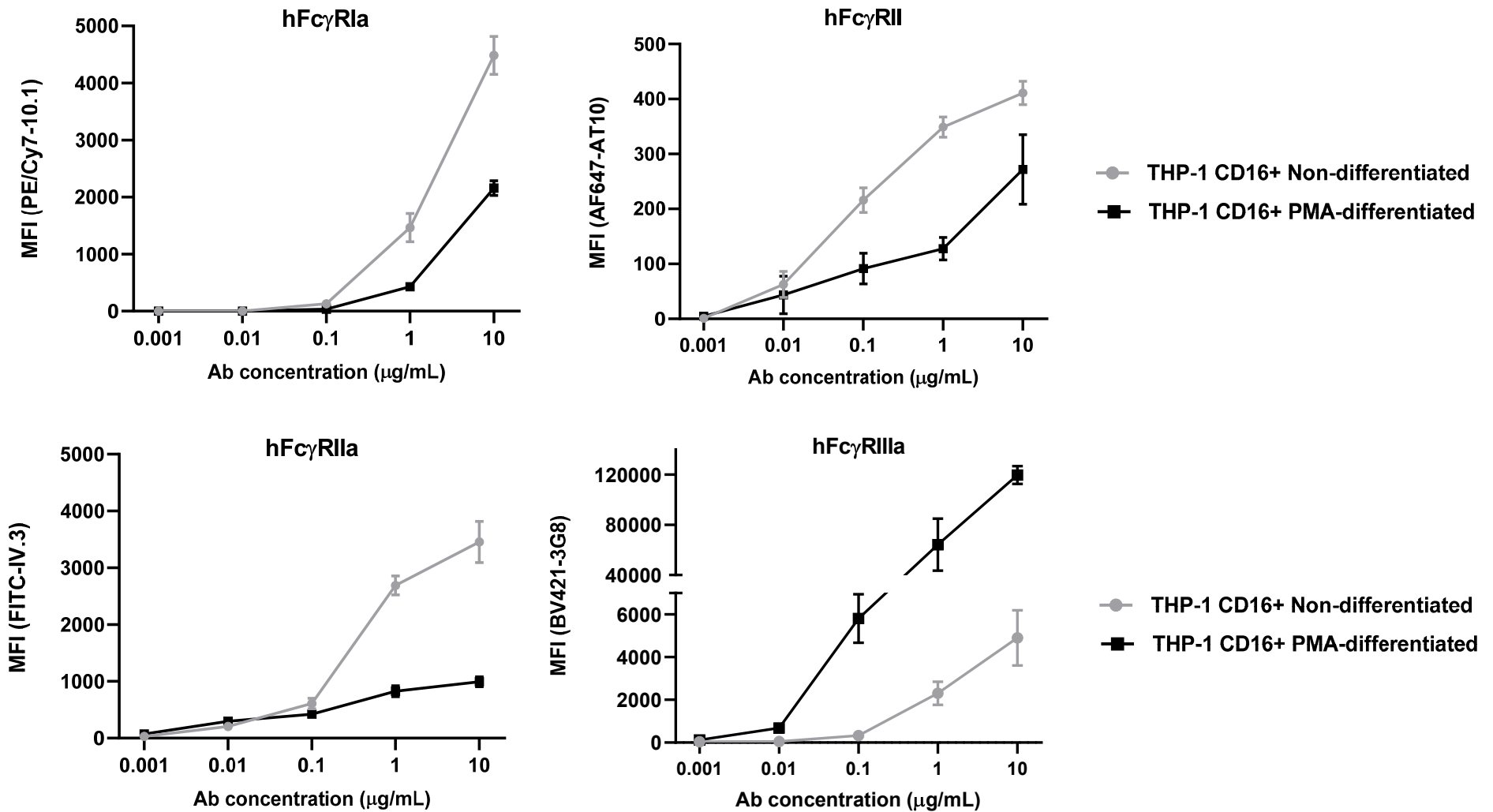
# Expression of hFcγRs on THP-1 and THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells



Data represent mean with SD from three different assays

**THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells show a similar pattern of hFcγRs expression to that observed in wild-type THP-1 cells**

# Expression of hFcγRs on non-differentiated or PMA-differentiated THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells

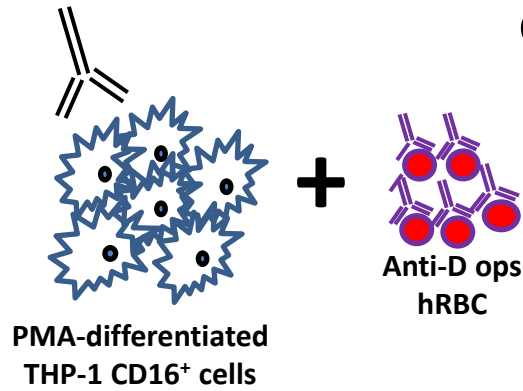


Data represent mean with SD from three different assays

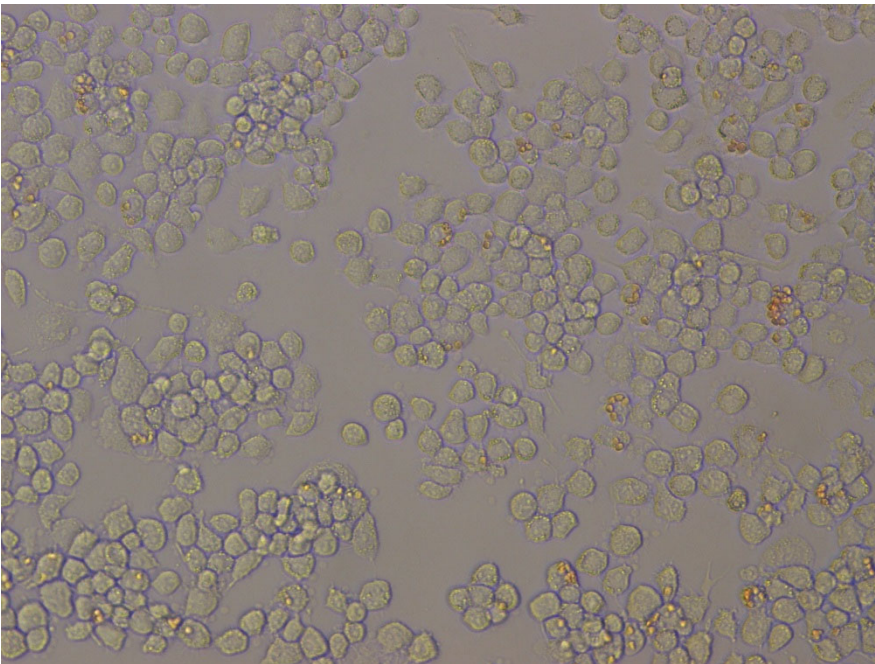
**The PMA-differentiation of THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> does affect the expression of human FcγRs**



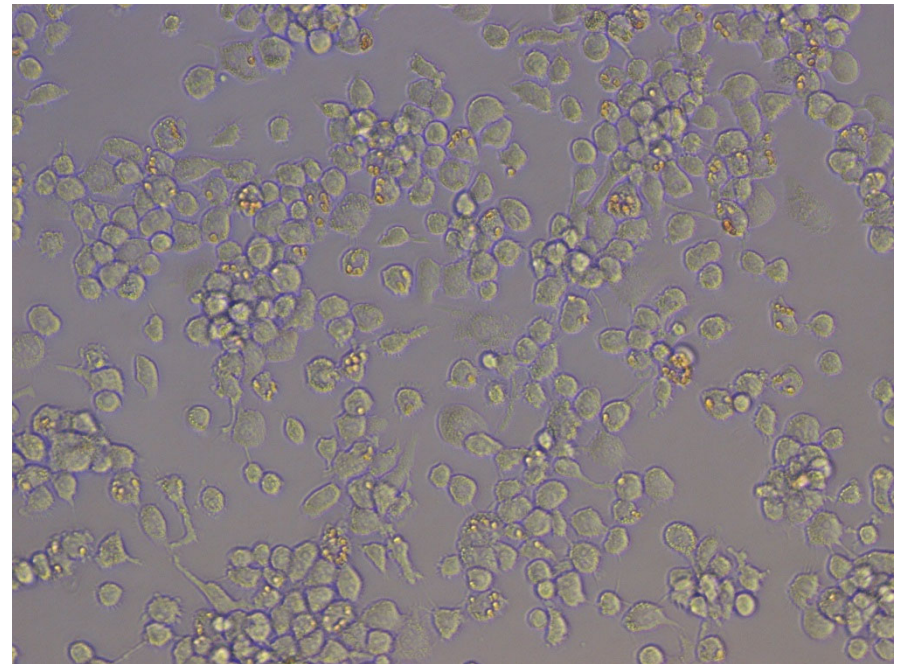
# Phagocytosis assay and contribution of hFcγRs expressed on THP-1 or THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells



THP-1 cells

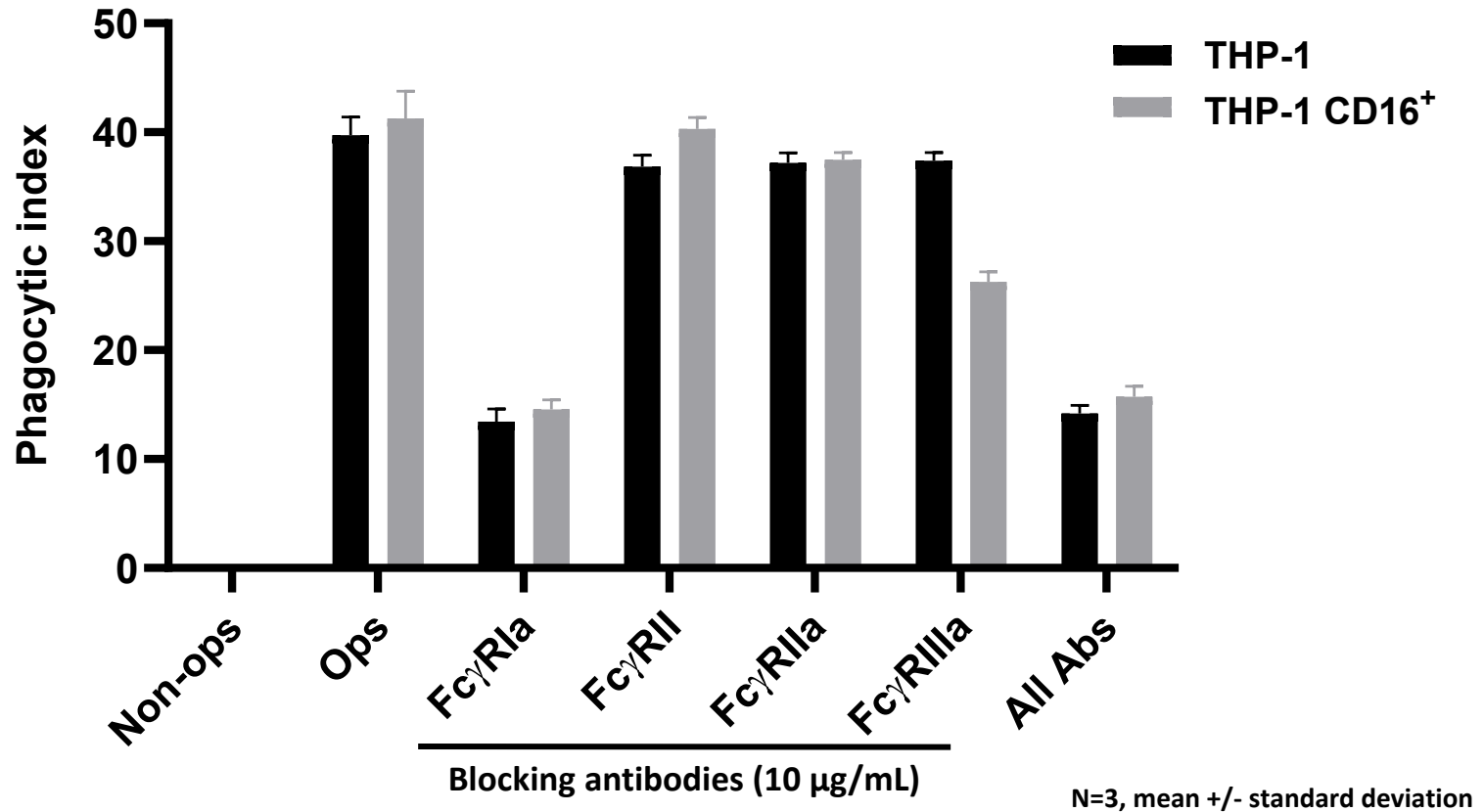


THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells



**THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> can phagocytose anti-D-opsonized hRBCs similarly to wild-type THP-1 cells.**

## Phagocytosis assay and contribution of hFcγRs expressed on THP-1 or THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells



**THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> can phagocytose anti-D-opsonized hRBCs similarly to wild-type THP-1 cells.  
Transduced human FcγRIIIa contributes to phagocytosis.**

# Conclusions

- ✓ THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells stably express the hFcγRIIIa and the remaining hFcγRs.
- ✓ THP-1 CD16<sup>+</sup> cells phagocytose hRBCs as well as wild-type THP-1 cells and FcγRIIIa contributes to phagocytic function.
- ✓ The transgenic cells constitute a valuable tool for further studies of FcγRIIIa-mediated effector functions and potential anti-CD16 treatments.

